

SAFETY DATA SHEET



WIDEMATCH™ Herbicide

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	01/14/2022	800080004622	Date of first issue: 01/14/2022

Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : WIDEMATCH™ Herbicide

Manufacturer or supplier's details

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer : CORTEVA AGRISCIENCE LLC
9330 ZIONSVILLE RD
INDIANAPOLIS, IN, 46268-1053
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number : 800-992-5994

E-mail address : customerinformation@corteva.com

Emergency telephone : INFOTRAC (CONTRACT 84224).
800-992-5994 or 317-337-6009

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : End use herbicide product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Eye irritation : Category 2B

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity : Category 3 (Central nervous system)
- single exposure

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GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.
H320 Causes eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	81406-37-3	12.3
Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt	57754-85-5	11.3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5	>= 20 - < 25
Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15	78330-21-9	>= 20 - < 25
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	>= 10 - < 20
naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 1 - < 3

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.
- In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.
- If swallowed : No emergency medical treatment necessary.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : None known.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection).
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
- Notes to physician : No specific antidote.
Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.
Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water stream.
High volume water jet
- Specific hazards during fire fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.
Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Hazardous combustion products : During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.
- Combustion products may include and are not limited to:
Hydrogen fluoride
Hydrogen chloride gas
Carbon oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
- Further information : Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed.
Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
- Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

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Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up :

- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped,
- Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-pressurization of the container.
- Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling :

- Avoid formation of aerosol.
- Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
- Do not breathe vapors/dust.
- Do not smoke.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Conditions for safe storage :

- Store in a closed container.
- No smoking.
- Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

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Materials to avoid : kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Do not store near acids.
Strong oxidizing agents
Explosives
Gases

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5	TWA	100 mg/m ³	Corteva OEL
		STEL	300 mg/m ³	Corteva OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m ³ (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	TWA	10 ppm	Dow IHG
		STEL	30 ppm	Dow IHG
		TWA	100 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO) naphthalene	81406-37-3 91-20-3	TWA	100 ppm 600 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 mg/m ³	Dow IHG
		TWA	10 ppm	Dow IHG
		STEL	15 ppm	Dow IHG
		TWA	10 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1

Engineering measures : Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.
Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be

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Hand protection : needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid.

Color : Yellow to brown

Odor : Aromatic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 4.77 (68 °F / 20 °C)
Concentration: 1 %

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 158 °F / 70 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93, closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available

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flammability limit

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : 1.0419 g/cm³ (68 °F / 20 °C)
Method: Digital density meter

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : emulsifiable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : 27.7 cP (77 °F / 25 °C)
11.5 cP (113 °F / 45 °C)

Explosive properties : No

Oxidizing properties : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.
No hazards to be specially mentioned.
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
May form explosive dust-air mixture.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : None.

Hazardous decomposition products : Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.
Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:
Hydrogen fluoride
Hydrogen chloride gas
Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.39 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Components:**fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 1.16 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 11.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

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Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 - 2,000 mg/kg

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 3.35 mg/l
 Exposure time: 7 h
 Test atmosphere: vapor
 Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.
 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 9,510 mg/kg

naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Lethal Dose (Humans): 5 - 15 grams

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Excessive exposure may cause hemolysis, thereby impairing the blood's ability to transport oxygen.

Ingestion of naphthalene by humans has caused hemolytic anemia.

Toxicity from swallowing may be greater in humans than in animals.

In humans, symptoms may include:

Confusion.

Lethargy.

Muscle spasms or twitches.

Convulsions.

Coma.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

Excessive exposure may cause lung injury.

Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may include:

Headache.

Confusion.

Sweating.

Nausea and/or vomiting.

LC50 (Rat): > 0.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapor

Symptoms: The LC50 value is greater than the Maximum Attainable Concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg
 Remarks: Human case reports suggest Naphthalene may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts, especially in chil-

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dren.

LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation**Product:**

Result : No skin irritation

Components:**fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation**Product:**

Result : Mild eye irritation

Components:**Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Corrosive

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization**Product:**

Species : Guinea pig
Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

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Components:**fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Species : Guinea pig
 Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Species : Mouse
 Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:
 No relevant data found.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Species : human
 Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

naphthalene:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.
 Remarks : Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction in a small proportion of individuals.
 Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:
 No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

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naphthalene:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

Carcinogenicity**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : For similar active ingredient(s), Fluroxypyr., Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Similar formulations did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Contains naphthalene which has caused cancer in some laboratory animals., In humans, there is limited evidence of cancer in workers involved in naphthalene production. Limited oral studies in rats were negative.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : For similar material(s);, Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

naphthalene:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Has caused cancer in some laboratory animals., In humans, there is limited evidence of cancer in workers involved in naphthalene production. Limited oral studies in rats were negative.

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
naphthalene 91-20-3

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
naphthalene 91-20-3

Reproductive toxicity**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

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assessment : Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : In animal studies, active ingredient did not interfere with reproduction.
Clopyralid caused birth defects in test animals, but only at greatly exaggerated doses that were severely toxic to the mothers. No birth defects were observed in animals given clopyralid at doses several times greater than those expected during normal exposure.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine effects on reproduction.
For similar material(s);, Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : For similar material(s);, In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.
Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

naphthalene:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine effects on reproduction.
Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

STOT-single exposure**Product:**

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:**Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:**

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation
Target Organs : Nervous system
Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

naphthalene:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

STOT-repeated exposure**Product:**

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-RE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Remarks : Excessive exposure to solvent(s) may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Remarks : Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed.

naphthalene:

Remarks : Observations in animals include:
Respiratory effects.
Excessive exposure may cause hemolysis, thereby impairing the blood's ability to transport oxygen.
Cataracts and other eye effects have been reported in humans repeatedly exposed to naphthalene vapor or dust.
Ingestion of naphthalene by humans has caused hemolytic anemia.

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Aspiration toxicity
Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

naphthalene:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Ecotoxicity
Components:
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.225 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.183 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: semi-static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EbC50 (alga *Scenedesmus* sp.): > 0.47 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (*Selenastrum capricornutum* (green algae)): > 1.410 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (*Myriophyllum spicatum*): 0.075 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (*Myriophyllum spicatum*): 0.031 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10
 Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)): 0.32 mg/l
 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1
 Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms : LC50 (*Eisenia fetida* (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg
 Toxicity to terrestrial organisms : Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg)., Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).
 oral LD50 (*Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail)): > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.
 Exposure time: 5 d
 dietary LC50 (*Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000 mg/kg diet.
 oral LD50 (*Apis mellifera* (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee
 Exposure time: 48 h
 contact LD50 (*Apis mellifera* (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee
 Exposure time: 48 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
 Exposure time: 96 h
 Test Type: static test
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
 Exposure time: 48 h
 Test Type: static test

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (*Myriophyllum spicatum*): > 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Remarks: For similar material(s):

NOEC (*Myriophyllum spicatum*): 0.0089 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Remarks: For similar material(s):

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms : oral LD50 (*Anas platyrhynchos* (Mallard duck)): 1465 - 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.
Exposure time: 14 d
Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

dietary LC50 (*Colinus virginianus* (Bobwhite quail)): > 5000 mg/kg diet.
Exposure time: 8 d
Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

contact LD50 (*Apis mellifera* (bees)): > 100 micrograms/bee
Exposure time: 48 d
Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

oral LD50 (*Apis mellifera* (bees)): > 98.1 micrograms/bee
Exposure time: 48 d
Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): 3 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 11 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms : dietary LC50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 6,500 ppm
Exposure time: 5 d
Remarks: Based on information for a similar material:

oral LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,250 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on information for a similar material:

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Algae): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,919 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (Crangon crangon (shrimp)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (copepod Acartia tonsa): 2,070 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: ISO TC147/SC5/WG2

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 969 mg/l
End point: Biomass
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 22 d

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ic toxicity)

Test Type: flow-through test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 22 d
Test Type: flow-through test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level) (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 22 d
Test Type: flow-through test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 4,168 mg/l
Exposure time: 18 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.6 - 24.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: Growth rate inhibition

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Other): 0.37 mg/l
End point: mortality
Exposure time: 40 d
Test Type: flow-through

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Persistence and degradability**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.
Remarks: Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

Biodegradation: 32 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

ThOD : 2.2 kg/kg

Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis
Degradation half life (half-life): 454 d

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.
Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).
Clopyralid.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Biodegradation: 39 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 60 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 75 %

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Exposure time: 28 d
 Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.
 Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

aerobic
 Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
 Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) : 0 %
 Incubation time: 5 d

0 %
 Incubation time: 10 d

31.6 %
 Incubation time: 20 d

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) : 2.02 kg/kg
 Method: Dichromate

ThOD : 2.06 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
 Sensitizer: OH radicals
 Rate constant: 5.00E-05 cm³/s
 Method: Estimated.

naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD₂₀ or BOD₂₈/ThOD > 40%).

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) : 57.000 %
 Incubation time: 5 d

71.000 %
 Incubation time: 10 d

71.000 %
 Incubation time: 20 d

ThOD : 3.00 kg/kg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
 Sensitizer: OH radicals
 Concentration: 1,500,000 1/cm³
 Rate constant: 2.16E-11 cm³/s
 Method: Estimated.

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Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 26
Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :
log Pow: 5.04
Method: Measured
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).
Clopyralid.
Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.9 - 6.1
Method: Measured
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.01
Method: Measured
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

naphthalene:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 40 - 300
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.3
Method: Measured
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

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Mobility in soil**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 6200 - 43000
 Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s). Clopyralid.
 Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 0.28
 Method: Estimated.
 Remarks: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.
 Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

naphthalene:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 240 - 1300
 Method: Measured
 Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

Other adverse effects**Components:****fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Clopyralid monoethanolamine salt:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

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of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Ethoxylated Alcohols, C12 to C15:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: (Update: 11/22/2010 KS 11/25/2010 LMK)
Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

naphthalene:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Disposal methods

Waste from residues : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**International Regulations****UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Heavy aromatic naphtha, Naphthalene)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Heavy aromatic naphtha, Naphthalene)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Heavy aromatic naphtha, Naphthalene)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes
Remarks : Stowage category A

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation**49 CFR**

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Heavy aromatic naphtha, Naphthalene)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : no

Further information

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous

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goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Carcinogenicity
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 1 - < 5 %
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US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8
naphthalene	91-20-3

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including naphthalene, sulphuric acid, hexachlorobenzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, hexachlorobenzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

TSCA list

The following substance(s) is/are subject to a Significant New Use Rule:

4,5,6-Trichloro-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid	496849-77-5
pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

EPA Registration Number : 62719-512

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ

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from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Corteva OEL	:	Corteva Occupational Exposure Limit
Dow IHG	:	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
Corteva OEL / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
Corteva OEL / TWA	:	Time weighted average
Dow IHG / TWA	:	Time Weighted Average (TWA):
Dow IHG / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
Dow IHG / TWA	:	Time weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

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es; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 01/14/2022

Product code: GF-1203

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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